

Managing Intellectual Property

What Faculty Need to Know to Publish and Teach in the Digital Age

Resources for Meeting NIH and Other Guidelines for Submitting Articles

National Institutes of Health (NIH)

The NIH policy on enhancing public access to archived publications resulting from NIH-funded research requests and strongly encourages all investigators to make their NIH-funded, peer-reviewed, author's final manuscript available to other researchers and the public through the NIH National Library of Medicine's (NLM) PubMed Central upon acceptance to a journal. The NIH has developed a password-protected, Web-based, NIH manuscript submission system to implement this policy. Further information is available on the [NIH Public Access Web page](#).

[PubMed Central](#) has author manuscripts of articles published by NIH-funded researchers in various non-PMC journals. Increasing free access to these articles is the goal of the NIH Public Access Policy. Manuscripts from researchers funded by the Wellcome Trust are available in PMC as well. Eligible researchers should use the NIH manuscript submission system to deposit manuscripts.

Scholarly Publishing and Academic Resources Coalition (SPARC)

SPARC, an alliance of universities, research libraries, and organizations, serves as a catalyst for action, helping to create systems that expand information dissemination and use in a networked digital environment while responding to the needs of academe. It was launched by the Association of Research Libraries as a constructive response to market dysfunctions in the scholarly communication system. Further information is available on the [SPARC Web site](#).

[SPARC copyright resources for authors](#) provides a practical guide that may be helpful to you when you are ready to submit journal articles. Understanding your rights is important, and to maximize the value of the research you produce, it is important for you to take an active role in managing the copyrights to your work. SPARC provides two mechanisms to use to secure and maintain your rights:

- [Author's Addendum](#), which preserves rights for broader use of your research.
- For research is funded by the NIH, SPARC offer [language that modifies a publisher's copyright agreement](#) to give you the rights to follow the NIH public access policy and links to resources to help you understand copyright agreements.

[Scholarly Communication Toolkit](#)

Developed by the Association of College and Research Libraries, this toolkit for faculty defines scholarly communications, describes five key issues and five impacts, and offers five strategies for change.

UC

The [Office of Scholarly Communication Web site](#) includes current news and issues related to scholarly communication, ways you can learn about the facts, links to UC responses to the issues, and resources to help you take action.

The [UC Copyright Education Web Site](#) serves as an educational resource for the UC community and assembles a range of materials related to the use of copyrighted and public domain materials by individuals and institutions.

UCLA

The [Office of Contract and Grant Administration Web site](#) contains resources pertaining to funding, clinical trials, and conflicts of interest and important updates regarding contract and grant administration, with links to the official memos such as the [UCLA Deans, Directors, Department Chairs, and Administrative Officers memo on the NIH Public Access Policy](#).

The [Office of Intellectual Property](#) supports the university's research, education, and service mission by accelerating the development of discoveries for the public good, promoting economic growth in California, and facilitating collaborations with industry for next-generation scientific breakthroughs.